Solar Drying of Horticultural Crops in Bangladesh 6th SCI World Conference 2017



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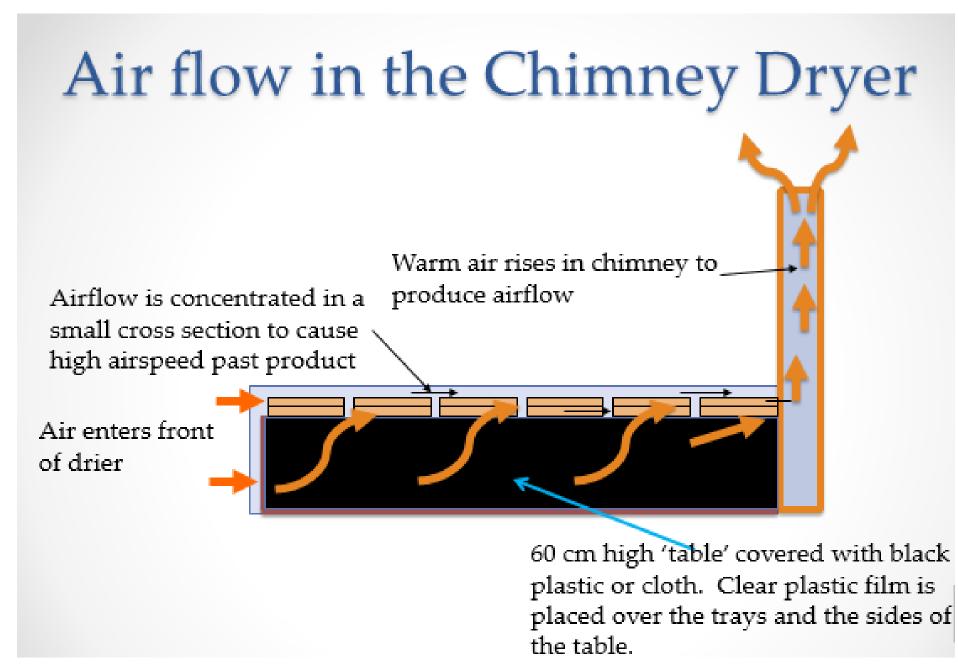
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Objective

Improve the livelihood of small-scale vegetable growing farmers, especially women farmers, in Southern Bangladesh by enabling them to drying high value horticultural crops to extend the marketing and consumption season.

Strategy

- ➤ Use a clear plastic tunnel to collect solar energy free heat.
- > Use a chimney to draw the air through the tunnel
- ➤ Place the product at the top of the tunnel, where the warmer air is.
- Fill unused parts of the tunnel to increase air speed past the product



First steps

- Community organization
- Two target districts in the South
- Goal to seek farmer buy-in & include women farmers







Chimney dryer construction







Issues

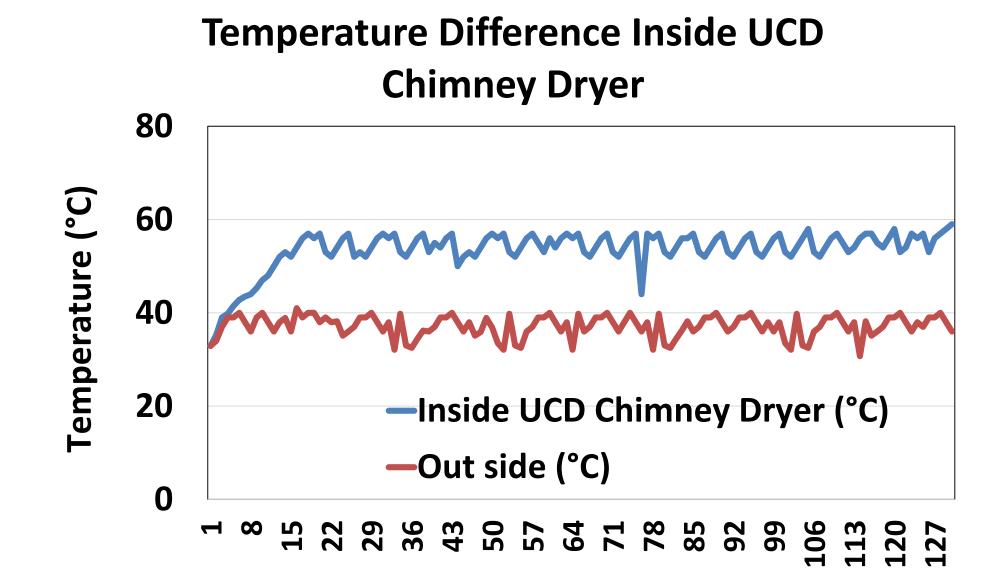
- Drying was not possible during periods of continuous rain or heavy clouds (more than 1 day).
- For commercial purposes dryer capacity (16kg at a time) was not sufficient. Farmers need a larger dryer or multiple dryers
- The chimney must be secured to the ground to prevent toppling in high winds.

Drying experiment Results



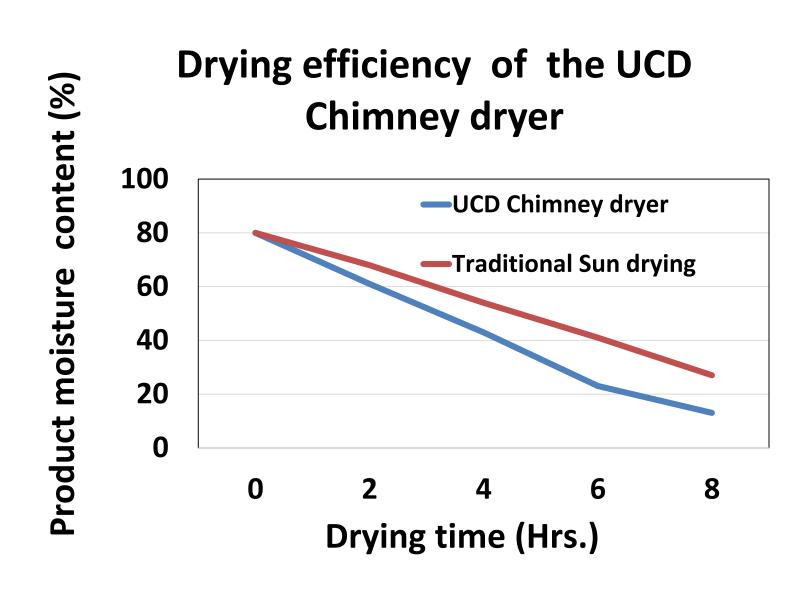


We worked with farmer collaborators to reach consensus on community involvement (left) and (above) to randomize harvested vegetables and fruits into samples for drying in the chimney dryer or by traditional methods





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Chili dried for 6 hrs.
Traditional drying



Chili dried for 6hrs.
Chimney dryer

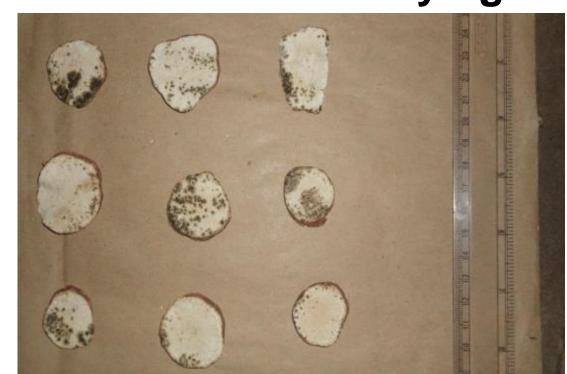


Sweet potato dried for 6 hrs. Chimney dryer



Sweet potato dried for 6hrs

Traditional sun drying



Conclusion:

Chimney dried product are hygienic compared to open sun drying and functions even when there are sudden or light rain
Drying is faster due to 15-20°C higher hot air flow, whereChimney-

dried crops has better appearance

and color than open sun drying Reference:

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